



65423

**IV Semester B.C.A. Examination, September/October 2023
(CBCS) (Repeaters)
MATHEMATICS
Paper – IV : Operation Research**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer all the Sections.

SECTION – A

I. Answer **any ten** of the following :

(10×2=20)

- 1) Define operation research.
- 2) Mention some of the applications of operation research.
- 3) What is meant by optimal solution ?
- 4) Explain the steps involved in transportation problem.
- 5) Define degenerate basic feasible solution in transportation problem.
- 6) What are the different methods of solving assignment problems ?
- 7) Define expected time in PERT. Write its mathematical formula.
- 8) Explain Fulkerson's rule.
- 9) Explain the rule to determine saddle point.
- 10) Define maximin – minimax principle.
- 11) Define independent float and free float of an activity.
- 12) What is pay-off matrix ?



SECTION – B

II. Answer **any four** of the following :

(4×10=40)

13) a) Explain the phases of operation research.

5

b) A toy company manufactures two types of dolls a basic version doll A and a deluxe version doll B. Each doll of type B takes twice as long to produce as one of type A and the company would have time to make a maximum of 2000 per day. The supply of plastic is sufficient to produce 1500 dolls per day. The deluxe version requires a fancy dress of which there are only 600 per day available. If the company makes a profit of Rs. 3 and Rs. 5 per doll respectively on doll A and doll B. Formulate this as an LPP.

5

P.T.O.



14) a) What are the main features of an LPP in standard form ? 4

b) Solve the following LPP by graphical method : 6

$$\text{Maximize } z = 2x + 3y$$

$$\text{Subject to } x + 2y \leq 10$$

$$x + y \leq 6$$

$$x \leq 4$$

$$x, y \geq 0.$$

15) Obtain initial basic feasible solution for the following transportation problem using

a) North-West Corner Method. 5

b) Matrix-Minima Method. 5

		To				Supply
From	1	2	1	4	30	
	3	3	2	1	50	
	4	2	5	9	20	
Demand	20	40	30	10		



16) a) Explain Hungarian method for solving assignment problem. 5

b) Determine an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using VAM method. 5

		Destination					Supply
		1	2	3	4	5	
Source	A	2	11	10	3	7	4
	B	1	4	7	2	1	8
	C	3	9	4	8	12	9
Demand		3	3	4	5	6	

17) a) Explain project evaluation and review techniques. 5

b) Draw the network for the project whose activity and their precedence relationships are given below. 5

Activity	P	Q	R	S	T	U
Predecessor	-	-	-	P, Q	P, R	Q, R



18) Write short notes on :

- a) Strategies used in game theory. 5
- b) Maximin – Minimax principle. 5

SECTION – C

III. Answer **any four** of the following : (4×10=40)

19) Solve by simplex method. 10

Maximize $z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$
 Subject to $x_1 + x_2 \leq 4$
 $x_1 - x_2 \leq 2$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$.

20) a) Solve the following transportation problem by MODI method. 5

	1	2	3	4	Supply
I	21	16	25	13	11
II	17	18	14	23	13
III	32	27	18	41	19
Demand	6	10	12	15	

b) Write the steps to find initial basic feasible solution by matrix minima method. 5

21) Obtain optimum basic feasible solution to the transportation problem. 10

	To			Available
From	7	3	2	2
	2	1	3	3
	3	4	6	5
Demand	4	1	5	10

22) a) Mention the types of assignment problem. Describe the methods of an assignment problem. 5

b) Solve the assignment problem given below : 5

	A	B	C	D
I	1	4	6	3
II	9	7	10	9
III	4	5	11	7
IV	8	7	8	5





- 23) Solve the following game, use dominance method to reduce the matrix, write the strategies adopted by each player and value of game. **10**

		Y_1	Y_2	Y_3	Y_4	Y_5
		B_1	B_2	B_3	B_4	B_5
X_1	A_1	4	4	2	-4	-6
X_2	A_2	8	6	8	-4	0
X_3	A_3	10	2	4	10	12

- 24) a) Differentiate PERT and CPM. **4**
 b) Calculate the earliest start, earliest finish, least start, least finish of each activity of the project given below : **6**

Activity	1-2	1-3	2-4	2-5	3-4	4-5
Duration (in days)	8	4	10	2	5	3

