



61501

V Semester B.Sc. Examination, April/May 2023  
(CBCS Scheme) (2020 – 21 and Onwards)

PHYSICS (Paper – V)

Statistical Physics, Quantum Mechanics – I, Atmospheric Physics and  
Nano Materials

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 70

PART – A

Answer **any five** of the following. **Each** question carries **8** marks. (5×8=40)

1. a) Deduce an expression for Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution function.  
b) Mention any two limitations of Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics. (6+2)
2. a) What are Bosons ? Give an example.  
b) Compare Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac statistics. (2+6)
3. What is meant by Photon gas ? Derive Planck's law of black body radiation from Bose-Einstein distribution law. 8
4. Describe briefly the failure of classical physics to explain  
i) Atomic spectra  
ii) Black body radiation. (4+4)
5. Define the terms phase velocity and group velocity. Derive the relation between them. 8
6. a) What are fixed and variable gases of earth's atmosphere ? Give one example for each.  
b) Describe the vertical distribution of temperature of earth's atmosphere. (2+6)
7. a) Derive Beer's law of absorption of solar radiation by atmosphere.  
b) Write a note on green house effect. (5+3)

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8. a) Discuss the classification of nano structures based on their geometrical dimensions.
- b) Mention any four applications of nano materials. (4+4)

## PART – B

Answer **any five** of the following. **Each** question carries **4** marks. (5×4=20)

9. Calculate the number of ways of arranging 3 particles in 4 cells if the particles are (i) Bosons (ii) Fermions.
10. Calculate the rms velocity and most probable speed of nitrogen molecule at 27°C. Given molecular weight of nitrogen is 28 units.
11. The number of conduction electron per m<sup>3</sup> of aluminium is  $1.8 \times 10^{29}$  and in copper is  $8.45 \times 10^{28}$ . If the Fermi energy of aluminium is 11.6 eV. Calculate the Fermi energy of copper.
12. Calculate the frequency and energy in eV of a photon of wavelength 680 nm. Given  $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$  Js.
13. An electron is moving at a speed of  $820 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . Calculate the minimum uncertainty in the determination of its position. Given  $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ ,  $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$  Js.
14. In Davisson Germer experiment electrons accelerated through 54 V showed maximum Bragg's reflection of first order. Calculate the glancing angle if the lattice spacing is  $2.15 \text{ \AA}$ .
15. Calculate the pressure gradient force per unit mass between two isobars of pressure 1020 mb and 1005 mb separated by 95 km from each other. Given density of air =  $1.2 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$ .
16. Calculate the coriolis force at a station situated  $30^\circ \text{N}$  having a zonal wind speed of  $25 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .





PART – C

17. Answer **any five** of the following. **Each** question carries **2** marks. **(5×2=10)**

- a) Can an electron have zero entropy at 0K ? Explain.
- b) Do wave function of identical but distinguishable particles without spin overlap ? Explain.
- c) Can electrons reside inside the nucleus ? Explain.
- d) Does the wave nature of matter noticed in our daily observations ? Explain.
- e) Are de-Broglie waves monochromatic ? Explain.
- f) An electron and a proton have same velocity, which one will have greater de-Broglie wavelength ? Explain.
- g) Do carbon nano tube have high thermal conductivity ? Explain.
- h) 'Fullerenes are stable physically' – Explain.

