IV Semester B.Sc. Examination, May 2017 (F+R) (NS – 2012-13 and Onwards) (CBCS-2015-16 and Onwards) PHYSICS – IV

# Physical Optics, Laser and Fibre Optics

Time : 3 Hours

Instruction : Answer any five questions from each Part.

#### PART-A

An	ISW	er any five questions. Each question carries eight marks. (8	×5=40)
1.	a)	Mention two methods of obtaining coherent sources.	
	b)	Give the theory of Fresnel's biprism and obtain an expression for the bandwid of interference fringes.	dth (2+6)
2.	a)	Why does the centre of Newton's ring pattern appear dark in reflected ligh	nt?
	b)	Explain with a diagram and necessary theory, the interference in a wedge shaped thin film. Obtain an expression for the fringe width.	(2+6)
3.	a)	Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction.	
	b)	Describe how a plane wavefront can be divided into Fresnel's half period zones of radii proportional to square root of natural numbers.	(2+6)
4.	a)	Define dispersive power and resolving power of a grating.	
	b)	Obtain an expression for the resolving power of a plane transmission grat	ing. (2+6)
5.	a)	Mention three important characteristic properties of laser light.	
	b)	Derive a relation between Einstein's coefficients $\rm A_{21}$ and $\rm B_{21},$ where the symbols have their usual meaning.	(3+5)
6.	a)	Define optical activity. What are dextro and leavorotatory substances ?	
	b)	What are retarding plates ? How can circularly polarized light be produced and detected ?	d (3+5)
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Max. Marks: 70

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 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 7. a) What is an optical fibre ? Explain the principle involved in its working.
  - b) Define numerical aperture. Obtain an expression for the same.
- 8. a) Define (i) Modes in fibre (ii) Cut-off wavelength.
  - b) Explain different types of losses in an optical fibre.
  - c) Write any two applications of optical fibres.

PART-B

Solve any five problems. Each problem carries four marks.

- 9. When a thin sheet of transparent material of refractive index 1.60 is introduced in the path of one of the interfering beams of biprism, the central fringe shifts to a position occupied by the 8<sup>th</sup> bright fringe. If the wavelength of light used is 550 nm, calculate the thickness of the material.
- 10. In Newton's ring experiment, the diameters of the 4<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> dark rings are 0.40 cm and 0.70 cm respectively. Find the diameter of the 16<sup>th</sup> dark ring.
- 11. In an experiment on diffraction of light at straight edge, the distance between the slit and the straight edge is 1.5 m and that between the straight edge and screen is 3.2 m. Find the separation between the 1<sup>st</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> dark fringes. The wavelength of light used is 560 nm.
- 12. A diffraction grating with 7×10<sup>5</sup> lines per meter is set at normal incidence. Calculate the dispersive power of the grating in the second order spectrum if the wavelength of light is 600 nm.
- 13. A laser beam with power per pulse 2.2 mW lasts 10 ns and contains  $8 \times 10^7$  photons per pulse. Calculate the wavelength of laser light.
- 14. 0.01 Kg of an optically active substance is dissolved in 10<sup>-4</sup> m<sup>3</sup> of water. The solution is placed in a polarimeter tube of length 0.2 m. Calculate the specific rotation of the substance if the angle of rotation of plane of vibration produced by the solution is 20°.
- 15. Numerical aperture and fractional index difference of an optical fibre are 0.30 and 0.02 respectively. Calculate the refractive index of the core and the cladding.
- 16. What is the total number of modes when the wavelength of light is 1.35 μm ? Given : Core diameter to be 45 μm and the numerical aperture to be 0.40.

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### PART-C

Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries two marks. (5×2=10)

- 17. a) The interference patterns of the reflected rays and transmitted rays in thin film are complementary. What does this mean ?
  - b) Can interference be obtained by using two independent sources ? Explain.
  - c) Why does a zone plate exhibit the defect of chromatic aberration ? Explain.
  - d) How does the width of the central maximum change when the width of the slit is increased in a single slit Fraunhoffer diffraction ?
  - e) What is the principle of holography?
  - f) What is the nature of polarization of light incident on a polarizer when, on rotating the polarizer, the intensity varies but never reduces to zero?
  - g) What is meant by TE mode and TM mode?
  - h) What is meant by pulse dispersion in optical fibres ?

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